109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 767

To establish a Division of Food and Agricultural Science within the National Science Foundation and to authorize funding for the support of fundamental agricultural research of the highest quality, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 12, 2005

Mr. Bond (for himself, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Talent, Mr. Harkin, Mr. Roberts, and Mr. Coleman) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

A BILL

To establish a Division of Food and Agricultural Science within the National Science Foundation and to authorize funding for the support of fundamental agricultural research of the highest quality, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "National Food and
- 5 Agricultural Science Act of 2005".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 In this Act:

1	(1) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the
2	Standing Council of Advisors established under sec-
3	tion $4(c)$.
4	(2) Director.—Except as otherwise provided
5	in this Act, the term "Director" means the Director
6	of Food and Agricultural Science.
7	(3) DIVISION.—The term "Division" means the
8	Division of Food and Agricultural Science estab-
9	lished under section 4(a).
10	(4) FOUNDATION.—The term "Foundation"
11	means the National Science Foundation.
12	(5) Fundamental agricultural research;
13	FUNDAMENTAL SCIENCE.—The terms "fundamental
14	agricultural research" and "fundamental science"
15	mean fundamental research or science that—
16	(A) advances the frontiers of knowledge so
17	as to lead to practical results or to further sci-
18	entific discovery; and
19	(B) has an effect on agriculture, food, nu-
20	trition, human health, or another purpose of
21	this Act, as described in section 3(b).
22	(6) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of Agriculture.
24	(7) United states.—The term "United
25	States" when used in a geographical sense means

- 1 the States, the District of Columbia, the Common-
- 2 wealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and posses-
- 3 sions of the United States.

4 SEC. 3. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Agricultural Research, Econom-
- 6 ics, and Education Task Force established under section
- 7 7404 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of
- 8 2002 (7 U.S.C. 3101 note) conducted an exhaustive review
- 9 of agricultural research in the United States and evalu-
- 10 ated the merits of establishing 1 or more national insti-
- 11 tutes focused on disciplines important to the progress of
- 12 food and agricultural science. Consistent with the findings
- 13 and recommendations of the Agricultural Research, Eco-
- 14 nomics, and Education Task Force, Congress finds the
- 15 following:
- 16 (1) Agriculture in the United States faces crit-
- ical challenges, including an impending crisis in the
- food, agricultural, and natural resource systems of
- the United States. Exotic diseases and pests threat-
- en crops and livestock, obesity has reached epidemic
- 21 proportions, agriculturally-related environmental
- degradation is a serious problem for the United
- 23 States and other parts of the world, certain animal
- diseases threaten human health, and United States

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producers of some major crops are no longer the world's lowest cost producers.

(2) In order to meet these critical challenges, it is essential that the Nation ensure that the agricultural innovation that has been so successful in the past continues in the future. Agricultural innovation has resulted in hybrid and higher yielding varieties of basic crops and enhanced the world's food supply by increasing yields on existing acres. Since 1960, the world's population has tripled with no net increase in the amount of land under cultivation. Currently, only 1.5 percent of the population of the United States provides the food and fiber to supply the Nation's needs. Agriculture and agriculture sciences play a major role in maintaining the health and welfare of all people of the United States and in husbanding our land and water, and that role must be expanded.

(3) Fundamental scientific research that leads to understandings of how cells and organisms work is critical to continued innovation in agriculture in the United States. Such future innovations are dependent on fundamental scientific research, and will be enhanced by ideas and technologies from other fields of science and research.

- 1 (4)Opportunities to advance fundamental 2 knowledge of benefit to agriculture in the United 3 States have never been greater. Many of these new opportunities are the result of amazing progress in 5 the life sciences over recent decades, attributable in 6 large part to the provision made by the Federal Government through the National Institutes of Health 7 8 and the National Science Foundation. New tech-9 nologies and new concepts have speeded advances in 10 the fields of genetics, cell and molecular biology, and 11 proteomics. Much of this scientific knowledge is 12 ready to be mined for agriculture and food sciences, 13 through a sustained, disciplined research effort at an 14 institute dedicated to this research.
 - (5) Publicly sponsored research is essential to continued agricultural innovation to mitigate or harmonize the long-term effects of agriculture on the environment, to enhance the long-term sustainability of agriculture, and to improve the public health and welfare.
 - (6) Competitive, peer-reviewed fundamental agricultural research is best suited to promoting the fundamental research from which breakthrough innovations that agriculture and society require will come.

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- 1 (7) It is in the national interest to dedicate ad2 ditional funds on a long-term, ongoing basis to an
 3 institute dedicated to funding competitive peer-re4 viewed grant programs that support and promote
 5 the highest caliber of fundamental agricultural re6 search.
 - (8) The Nation's capacity to be competitive internationally in agriculture is threatened by inadequate investment in research.
 - (9) To be successful over the long term, grantreceiving institutions must be adequately reimbursed for their costs if they are to pursue the necessary agricultural research.
 - (10) To meet these challenges, address these needs, and provide for vitally needed agricultural innovation, it is in the national interest to provide sufficient Federal funds over the long term to fund a significant program of fundamental agricultural research through an independent institute.
- 20 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Division estab-21 lished under section 4(a) shall be to ensure that the tech-22 nological superiority of agriculture in the United States 23 effectively serve the people of the United States in the 24 coming decades, and to support and promote fundamental

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- 7 agricultural research of the highest caliber in order to 1 2 achieve goals, including the following goals: 3 (1) Increase the international competitiveness 4 of United States agriculture. (2) Develop knowledge leading to new foods and 6 practices that improve nutrition and health and re-7 duce obesity. 8 (3) Create new and more useful food, fiber, 9 health, medicinal, energy, environmental, and indus-10 trial products from plants and animals. 11 (4) Improve food safety and food security by 12 protecting plants and animals in the United States
- 11 (4) Improve food safety and food security by
 12 protecting plants and animals in the United States
 13 from insects, diseases, and the threat of bioter14 rorism.
 - (5) Enhance agricultural sustainability and improve the environment.
 - (6) Strengthen the economies of the Nation's rural communities.
 - (7) Decrease United States dependence on foreign sources of petroleum by developing bio-based fuels and materials from plants.
 - (8) Strengthen national security by improving the agricultural productivity of subsistence farmers in developing countries to combat hunger and the political instability that it produces.

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1	(9) Assist in modernizing and revitalizing the
2	Nation's agricultural research facilities at institu-
3	tions of higher education, independent non-profit re-
4	search institutions, and consortia of such institu-
5	tions, through capital investment.
6	(10) Achieve such other goals and meet such
7	other needs as determined appropriate by the Foun-
8	dation, the Director, or the Secretary.
9	SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF DIVISION.
10	(a) Establishment.—There is established within
11	the National Science Foundation a Division of Food and
12	Agricultural Science. The Division shall consist of the
13	Council and be administered by a Director of Food and
14	Agricultural Science.
15	(b) Reporting and Consultation.—The Director
16	shall coordinate the research agenda of the Division after
17	consultation with the Secretary.
18	(c) Standing Council of Advisors.—
19	(1) Establishment.—
20	(A) In general.—There is established in
21	the Division a Standing Council of Advisors
22	composed of 12 highly qualified scientists who
23	are not employed by the Federal Government
24	and 12 stakeholders.
25	(B) Scientists.—

1	(i) APPOINTMENT.—The 12 scientist
2	members of the Council shall be appointed
3	to 4-year staggered terms by the Director
4	of the National Science Foundation, with
5	the consent of the Director of Food and
6	Agricultural Science.
7	(ii) Qualifications.—The persons
8	nominated for appointment as scientist
9	members of the Council shall be—
10	(I) eminent in the fields of agri-
11	cultural research, nutrition, science,
12	or related appropriate fields; and
13	(II) selected for appointment
14	solely on the basis of established
15	records of distinguished service and to
16	provide representation of the views of
17	agricultural research and scientific
18	leaders in all areas of the Nation.
19	(C) Stakeholders.—
20	(i) Appointment.—The 12 stake-
21	holder members of the Council shall be ap-
22	pointed to 4-year staggered terms by the
23	Secretary, with the consent of the Direc-
24	tor.

1	(ii) Qualifications.—The persons
2	nominated for appointment as stakeholder
3	members of the Council shall—
4	(I) include distinguished mem-
5	bers of the public of the United
6	States, including representatives of
7	farm organizations and industry, and
8	persons knowledgeable about the envi-
9	ronment, subsistence agriculture, en-
10	ergy, and human health and disease;
11	and
12	(II) be selected for appointment
13	so as to provide representation of the
14	views of stakeholder leaders in all
15	areas of the Nation.
16	(2) Duties.—The Council shall assist the Di-
17	rector in establishing the Division's research prior-
18	ities, and in reviewing, judging, and maintaining the
19	relevance of the programs funded by the Division.
20	The Council shall review all proposals approved by
21	the scientific committees of the Division to ensure
22	that the purposes of this Act and the needs of the
23	Nation are being met.
24	(3) Meetings.—

1	(A) In General.—The Council shall hold
2	periodic meetings in order to—
3	(i) provide an interface between sci-
4	entists and stakeholders; and
5	(ii) ensure that the Division is linking
6	national goals with realistic scientific op-
7	portunities.
8	(B) Timing.—The meetings shall be held
9	at the call of the Director, or at the call of the
10	Secretary, but not less frequently than annu-
11	ally.
12	SEC. 5. FUNCTIONS OF DIVISION.
13	(a) Competitive Research.—
14	(1) In general.—The Director shall carry out
15	the purposes of this Act by awarding competitive
16	peer-reviewed grants to support and promote the
17	very highest quality of fundamental agricultural re-
18	search.
19	(2) Grant recipients.—The Director shall
20	make grants to fund research proposals submitted
21	by—
22	(A) individual scientists;
23	(B) single and multi-institutional research
24	centers; and

1	(C) entities from the private and public
2	sectors, including researchers in the Depart-
3	ment of Agriculture, the Foundation, or other
4	Federal agencies.
5	(b) Complementary Research.—The research
6	funded by the Division shall—
7	(1) supplement and enhance, not supplant, the
8	existing research programs of, or funded by, the De-
9	partment of Agriculture, the Foundation, and the
10	National Institutes of Health; and
11	(2) seek to make existing research programs
12	more relevant to the United States food and agri-
13	culture system, consistent with the purposes of this
14	Act.
15	(c) Grant-Awarding Only.—The Division's sole
16	duty shall be to award grants. The Division may not con-
17	duct fundamental agricultural research or fundamental
18	science, or operate any laboratories or pilot plants.
19	(d) Procedures.—The Director shall establish pro-
20	cedures for the peer review, awarding, and administration
21	of grants under this Act, consistent with sound manage-
22	ment and the findings and purposes described in section
23	3.